



COOPERATION AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE LATIN AMERICAN AND CARIBBEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE ARAB PARLIAMENT





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In the city of Geneva, on the 31st of July in the year 2025, on one hand, the LATIN AMERICAN PARLIAMENT, also referred to as the PARLAMENTO LATINOAMERICANO Y CARIBEÑO or simply PARLATINO, duly represented by H.E. Rolando González Patricio; and on the other hand, the Arab Parliament, duly represented by H.E. Mohamed Ahmed Alyammahi; freely and voluntarily decide to enter into the Cooperation Agreement expressed in the following clauses:

FIRST CLAUSE THE PARTIES

The Latin American and Caribbean Parliament (PARLATINO) is a regional, unicameral, and permanent organization founded in 1964. Its purpose is to act as a high-level political forum and an effective promoter of development and integration within a framework of full democracy. It was institutionalized through an international treaty signed on November 16, 1987, in Lima, Peru, which granted the Latin American Parliament legal status. Since January 2008, the permanent headquarters of PARLATINO has been located in Panama City, Republic of Panama. The Headquarters Agreement between the Latin American Parliament and the Government of the Republic of Panama was signed on August 27, 2007, and was approved by the National Assembly through Law No. 54 on December 14, 2007. The Latin American and Caribbean Parliament is composed of the National Parliaments of 23 countries: Argentina, Aruba, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Curaçao, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Dominican Republic, Saint Martin, Suriname, and Uruguay.

The Arab Parliament is a representative institution of the Arab people, in accordance with its Statute issued by the League of Arab States Council at the Summit Level in Baghdad, the Republic of Iraq, in 2012, it is entrusted with promoting Joint Arab Action to achieve economic integration, social solidarity, and sustainable development towards realizing Arab unity in particular, also works on harmonizing and coordinating between the laws in force in Member States in preparation for their unification, and the exchange of legislative experiences among Arab National Parliaments or equivalent thereof in Member States. As well as cooperating and coordinating with National Parliaments in Member States to promote and consolidate popular dimension and its role in the process of Joint Arab Action, and





cooperating with Regional and International Parliamentary Organizations in order to serve the interests of the Arab nation and to maintain international peace and security.

The Arab Parliament consists of Parliamentarians from 22 countries: The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, the United Arab Emirates, the Kingdom of Bahrain, the Republic of Tunisia, the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, the Republic of Djibouti, the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, the Republic of the Sudan, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Federal Republic of Somalia, the Republic of Iraq, the Sultanate of Oman, the State of Palestine, the State of Qatar, the Union of the Comoros, the State of Kuwait, the Republic of Lebanon, the State of Libya, the Arab Republic of Egypt, the Kingdom of Morocco, the Islamic Republic of Mauritania, and the Republic of Yemen.

SECOND CLAUSE PURPOSE OF THE AGREEMENT

The Parties agree to:

- a. Consult and exchange information and documentation that enhances cooperation and joint activities;
- b. Cooperate within their means to implement projects that connect entities from Latin American and Caribbean countries and Arab States with each other and/or with related organizations from other regions of the world;
- c. Keep each other mutually informed about cooperation programs for the development and integration of Latin America and Arab States;
- d. Coordinate the realization and promote mutual participation in meetings and events, as well as jointly identify and promote the formulation and implementation of policies, plans, programs, projects, and specific activities in fields of common interest; and
- e. Undertake any other tasks that contribute to achieving institutional objectives for the development and integration of Latin America and Arab States;
- f. Coordinate stances on regional and international issues of common concern in international parliamentary fora.

THIRD CLAUSE ADDITIONAL INSTRUMENTS

The Parties agree that, for the implementation of any activity derived from the application of this Agreement, the signing of additional instruments such as sub-agreements, protocols, or memoranda of understanding is not necessary. The corresponding exchange of notes shall suffice for such purposes.





FOURTH CLAUSE DURATION OF THE AGREEMENT

This Agreement shall have an unlimited duration, except in the case of express termination by either Party. In such circumstances, the validity shall continue for ninety days from the date of receipt of the written notification of termination of the Agreement.

FIFTH CLAUSE GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 1. This Agreement does not create any legally or financially binding obligations between the Parties.
- 2. Any disagreements between the Parties regarding the interpretation and application of the provisions of this Agreement shall be resolved through friendly consultation.

The Cooperation Agreement was signed in Geneva on 31 July 2025, in two originals in English language, of equal tenor and value each Party is keeping an original copy.

FOR PARLATINO: FOR The Arab Parliament

Rolando Gónzález Patricio Mohan ed Ahmed Alyammahi

President President